SNACSchool 3.1

Module 2:

Create and Edit

Updated August 2020
Required Step: Search for your entity’s name to make sure it doesn’t already exist in SNAC.

From the SNAC Editor’s Dashboard, you can do a

- Browse Search
- Standard Search
- Advanced Search

Quick Search Results
Advanced Search
SNAC Advanced Search confirms that there are “No Results Found” for activist Fannie Lou Hamer.
Using the **Browse** search options lets you see entity names falling before or after your specific search criteria in the index.

You may discover duplicates or “near duplicates” to aid in editing and future records merging.
Return to the SNAC Editor’s Dashboard and click the + Create New Constellation button to start your new SNAC record.
Required step: Designate the Entity Type

Start building your new SNAC record at the **Basic Information** tab by designating the Entity Type: **corporateBody**, **family**, or **person**.

For the instructor’s example, we will designate **person** as the Entity Type.
Next required step:

Move to the **Name Entries** section where you will add **Name Components** following these steps:

1. Click **+Add Component**, and add components for:
   - Designate **Surname** = Hamer
   - Designate **Forename** and middle initial or middle name = Fannie Lou
   - Designate **Date** = 1917-1977

   *Note that SNAC automatically supplies punctuation for the name heading depending on the component type.*

2. Set the **Preference** switch to **Preferred**

3. Assuming the **Language** is English and the **Script** is Latin, hit the **magic wand** buttons; otherwise, search for language and script

4. Set the **Rules** to “authorizedForm” and “rda”
Click **Continue** to start the identity constellation reconciliation process. This is one last system check to make sure your identity constellation doesn’t already exist in SNAC.

On the **User Actions** menu on the top right of the screen, you will find the **Continue** selection.
SNAC’s reconciliation check may discover duplicates or near duplicates at this step. It provides a list for you to examine for possible duplicates.

Click **View** to see the full record if you need more information, or more context. If you find that the identity constellation already exists, you also have the option to **Edit**.

When you determine there are no duplicates, click **Create New Constellation** to continue creating your new record.
After reconciliation, SNAC returns you to the **Name Entries** tab for more editing.

A range of **User Actions** appear at the top of the editing screen.

- **Save** (“Save as you go”!)
- **Save & Dashboard**
- **Send for Review**
- **Cancel**

**Publish** is blocked for new editors.
If variants are warranted and supported in your sources, enter them on the **Name Entries** tab.

1. Click **+Add Component** to enter all variant name components:
   a. **Surname** = Townsend
   b. **Forename** = Fannie Lou
   c. **Date** = 1917-1977

   *Remember! Variant name entries must have the same date elements as the preferred name*

2. Leave the **Preference** switch set to **Not Preferred**

3. Code for **Language** and **Script**. Use the **magic wand** buttons to default to eng and Latn.

4. Key Not Preferred forms as **“alternativeForm”** and **“rda”**

5. Repeat these steps for any additional, warranted variant names
Move to the **History** tab and select **BiogHist**:

Click the **Edit** icon on the right of the **Biographical History** entry screen and enter a biography note.

SNAC encourages you to copy and paste from outside sources like finding aids, instead of transcribing directly into the SNAC record.

Please note that you can code for paragraph breaks with `<p>` and `</p>`.

Remember to code for **Language** and **Script**.
Stay on the **History** tab to enter **Exist Dates** elements

For a single date, click
+ **Add New Date**.

For a range of dates (birth/death), click
+ **Add New Date Range**.

Follow the prompts to add the date information you’ve found in your sources.
Stay on the **History** tab to enter **Places**:

1. Click the **+Add New Place** button and use the entry screens to add geographic headings relating to the person.

2. Add a **Type** of geographic place relation. The **Type** of place indicates an associative relationship.

3. Add a **Role** for the geographic place. The role, in the context of EAC, can be **Birth, Death, Citizenship** or **Residence**.

4. Optionally, add an **Address** or a **Descriptive Note**.
Move to the **Demographics** tab. You have the option to add controlled vocabulary terms for **Gender**, **Nationality**, **Languages Used**, **Occupations** and **Subjects**.
Move to the **Relations** tab and select **Resource Relations**:

1. Click the **+Add New Resource Relation** button and use the entry screens to add information for archival resources related to the person.

2. Use the **Search Resources** feature to determine whether a finding aid resource is already available in SNAC.

If finding aid resource cannot be found SNAC, either by title, URL, or other keywords, click **Create New Resource** to create a new resource.
We want to link Hamer’s SNAC record to a collection of her papers held at the Amistad Research Center at Tulane University, in New Orleans, Louisiana.

Search existing SNAC resources by URI, title or keyword to see if a description of the finding aid already exists in SNAC.

N.B.: Due to the ingest of thousands of finding aids during R & D, there’s a good chance your particular finding aid might already be in SNAC.
Resource Relations Create Resource continued:

1. Add required elements: Resource Type, Display Entry, and Title

2. Add information for optional elements: Date, Resource Link, Abstract, Extent, and Languages.

3. Search for and add the heading for the Holding Repository.

4. Click Continue to add these elements to the record.
Resource Relations Create Resource continued:

After clicking **Continue** to record the resource, a subsequent screen appears. Here you will add a value for **Role**:

- contributorOf
- creatorOf
- editorOf
- referencedIn

For this example, Fannie Lou Hamer is designated as **creatorOf**.

Add other **Resource Relations** as needed.
On the Relations tab and select Internal CPF Relations:

1. Click the +Add New Constellation Relation button and use the entry screens to add information for entities related to the person.

2. SNAC prompts you to use the Choose Relationship search feature to locate related entities already in SNAC.

3. Select an entity from the search results by clicking the radio button to the left of the heading. **Note:** There is a View button, so you can preview the SNAC record you’re linking to.

4. When you’ve made your selection, click the Create Relation button at the bottom of the search results screen.
Internal CPF Relations:

1. After you Create Relation, SNAC returns you to the Internal CPF Relations screen.

2. SNAC displays the two entities separated by an arrow.

3. Use the relationship Type selector to contextualize the relationship between the two entities.

4. Fannie Lou Hamer had a great deal of correspondence with the Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party, so we apply the `correspondedWith` relationship type.

5. SNAC then updates the relationship description under the arrow.

6. Optionally, editors can add a Descriptive Note for more information and context for the relationship.
Remain on the Relations tab and select External Related CPF …

Library of Congress Name Authority File/NACO example

1. Click the +Add New Same-As Relation button and use the entry screens to link to a matching entry in an external authority source.

2. Select the External Authority title (LoC/NACO) from the dropdown list.

3. Copy and paste the URI extension for the LoC record into the Authority ID field.
How to get a Wikidata Link

From the Wikipedia page, select Wikidata item on left side menu

OR

Go to Wikidata.org and search for person on top right bar
Remain on the Relations tab and select **External Related CPF**

**Wikidata example**

1. Click the **+Add New Same-As Relation** button and use the entry screens to link to a matching entry in an external authority source.

2. Select the External Authority title (Wikidata) from the dropdown list.

3. Copy and paste the **Q number** (after the name or end of the URI) extension for the Wikidata item into the **Authority ID** field.
Create and Edit:

Corporate Body Names
Corporate body names

Entering name elements is also much the same, though there is one major difference. To properly establish and order names of subordinate units, SNAC entry screens contain the **SubdivisionName** element. This element can be repeated as needed to accommodate a corporate name with several subordinate name elements.

SNAC editors should refer to specific RDA rules governing the formation of corporate body names and subordinate names.
Corporate body names

Places and Subjects elements also have roles in the corporate body record. Note that this particular corporate body is designated as a Holding Repository.

National Museum of the American Indian (U.S.)

A diverse and multifaceted cultural and educational enterprise, the National Museum of the American Indian (NMAI) is an active and visible component of the Smithsonian Institution, the world's largest museum complex. The NMAI cares for one of the world's most expansive collections of Native artifacts, including objects, photographs, archives, and media covering the entire Western Hemisphere, from the Arctic Circle to Tierra del Fuego. The National Museum of the American Indian operates three facilities. The museum on the National Mall in Washington, D.C., offers exhibition galleries and spaces for performances, lectures and symposia, research, and education. The George Gustav Heye Center (GGHC) in New York City houses exhibitions, research, educational activities, and performing arts programs. The Cultural Resources Center (CRC) in Suitland, Maryland, houses the museum's collections as well as the conservation, repatriation, and digital imaging programs, and research facilities. The NMAI's off-site outreach efforts, often referred to as the "fourth museum," include websites, traveling exhibitions, and community programs. Since the passage of its enabling legislation in 1989 (amended in 1996), the NMAI has been steadfastly committed to bringing Native voices to what the museum writes and presents, whether on-site at one of the three NMAI venues, through the museum's publications, or via the Internet. The NMAI is also dedicated to acting as a resource for the hemisphere's Native communities and to serving the greater public as an honest and thoughtful conduit to Native cultures—present and past—in all their richness, depth, and diversity.
Corporate body names

**Holdings** lists titles of archival resources (finding aids) linked to the corporate body when it's designated as a **Holding Repository**.

**Functions** lists appropriate controlled terms to describe the work and activity of the corporate body.
Move to the **Name Entries** section to enter components for the corporate body name:

1. **Click** +Add Component, and add components for:
   - **Name** = *(required)*

2. Set the **Preference** switch to **Preferred**

3. Assuming the **Language** is English and the **Script** is Latin, hit the **magic wand** buttons; otherwise, search for language and script.
Corporate body name elements and automatic punctuation in SNAC:

**Date** (optional)

**JurisdictionName** (optional)

**Location** (optional)

**Name** (required)

**NameAddition** (optional)

**Number** (optional)

**SubdivisionName** (optional)
Editors can enter elements in any order, then use the stacked “**black dash**” symbol, also known as a “**hamburger symbol**”, to drag and drop elements into the correct order.
Create and Edit:

Family Names
Name entries

Move to the **Name Entries** section where you will add **Name Components** following these steps:

1. Click **+Add Component**, and add components for:
   - **FamilyName** (required)
   - **FamilyType** (required)

2. Set the **Preference** switch to **Preferred**

3. Assuming the **Language** is English and the **Script** is Latin, hit the **magic wand** buttons; otherwise, search for language and script

4. In the **Rules** section, designate the form of name as authorized or alternative, and indicate the rules set as RDA
Family name elements and automatic punctuation in SNAC:

Date (optional)

FamilyName (required)

FamilyType (required)

NameAddition (optional)

Place (optional)

ProminentMember (optional)
Remember to save your work as you go!
Requesting Review for your SNAC Records
1. Click **Save** when all creating and editing work is done.

2. Click **Send for Review**

3. You can add a message for your reviewer if necessary.

4. Designate your assigned reviewer by starting to type the reviewer’s name “Dina H…”

5. Click **Send Review**.
Review continued ...

Your SNAC reviewer sees the review request on the Dashboard and in the Messaging Center.

**Messaging Center**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Inbox</th>
<th>Sent</th>
<th>Archived</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Message View**

**Constellation for review**

**To:** Jerry Simmons (jerry.simmons@nara.gov)  
**From:** Jerry Simmons (jerry.simmons@nara.gov)  
**Sent:** 1/13/2020, 2:39:00 PM

Please review my constellation.

Please review my brand new record describing Flannery O'Connor. Thanks!

O'Connor, Flannery, 1925-1964
How to Edit SNAC Records
Editing SNAC records …

After review and publication, you can make edits to the record as you feel necessary.

1. Return to the **SNAC Dashboard**. This can be done during a current session, or after you’ve left the system and later started a new session.

2. The SNAC Dashboard organizes your most recent work: **View Recently Published**, **In Progress Edits**, and **Locked Edits**.

3. You can start editing work from any of these points.
Use the **Parsing** function to speed editing of person names already in SNAC ...

Click the blue **Parse** button to separate person name components. Then continue adding/adjusting the remaining elements for the name heading by coding for **Preference**, **Language**, **Script** and **Rules**.

Please note that the name parser works the same for variant name entries.

There is no parsing feature for corporate body names or for family names.
Editing SNAC records …

Move through the tabs and data elements, editing and updating information as warranted, and as time and resources allow. We ask editors to focus on …

- Parsing person names
- Updating headings, both preferred and non-preferred when warranted
- Adding/enhancing biography and history notes
- Adding Resource Relations to your collection … and other collections
- Adding/enhancing both Internal and External CPF relations
- Updating Source information
SNACSchool August 5th Class Review Assignments

Alex McGee - Dina
Allison Harris - Dina
Allison Tyous - Dina
Beth Guynn - Kit Messick (Getty)
Christ Tanguay - Dina
Emily Cooper - Jerry
Ginger Yowell - Jerry
Greta Suiter - Dina
James Truitt - Jerry
Jane Cross - Jerry
Jill Walker - Jerry
Kelli Bogan - Jerry
Lewis Day - Jerry
Lilli Keany - Dina
Lynn Moulton - Dina
Maristella Feustle - Dina
Taber Bain - Jerry
Dillon Thomas - Jerry
Rachel Salyer - Jerry
Sarah Hamerman - Dina
Stephanie Bredbenner - Jerry
Steve Graybill - Dina
Tess Hamilton - Jerry
Tracy Skrabut - Jerry