

### **SNACSchool 3.2**

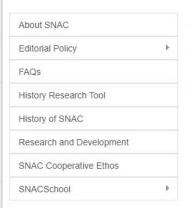
## Module 4: Sources and Cite



Updated June 14, 2021

#### **Citations in SNAC**

#### Citations in SNAC



#### Citations in SNAC: Sources and Format

There is no list of authorized and/or preferred or required sources for source citations in SNAC authority records. SNAC editors should use their best judgement when selecting biographical and historical sources, then provide clear and current citations to those sources. Bibliographic citations are entered once on the Control tab in the SNAC record. When an editor wishes to cite a bibliographic source to support assertions throughout the record, they use the green Cite button to supply an abbreviated version of the citation when documenting the source of an individual assertion

- · Some frequently cited sources in SNAC records are ...
- Biography Index
- · Who's Who sources
- Wikipedia / Wikidata
- Ancestry.com
- · FamilySearch.org
- Findagrave.com
- Current Biography
- · Encyclopedia Britannica
- · National Cyclopedia of American Biography
- · Obituaries from newspapers, journals, annual reports, and the like

N.B.: When no known published source for biographical or historical information exists for an entity, SNAC editors should cite a finding aid or other descriptive resource as a source.

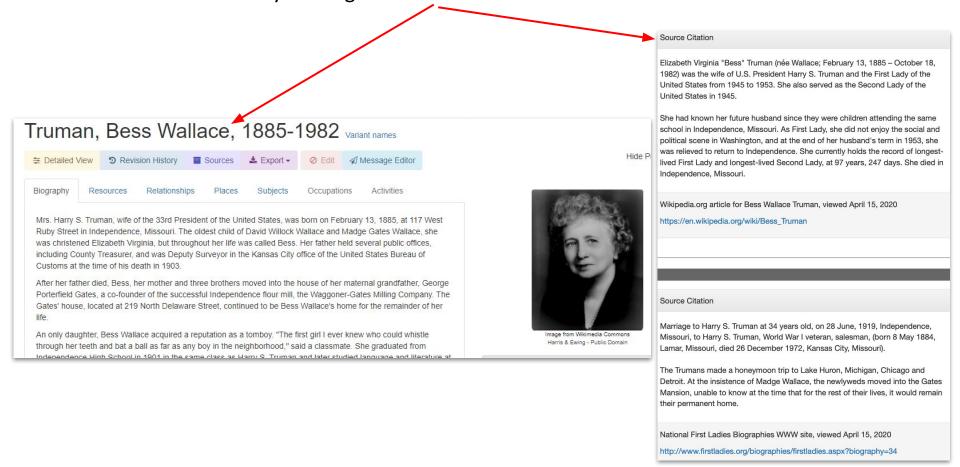
#### Source citation style:

SNAC editors should use MARC21 Authority 670 Source Data Found Note citation style:

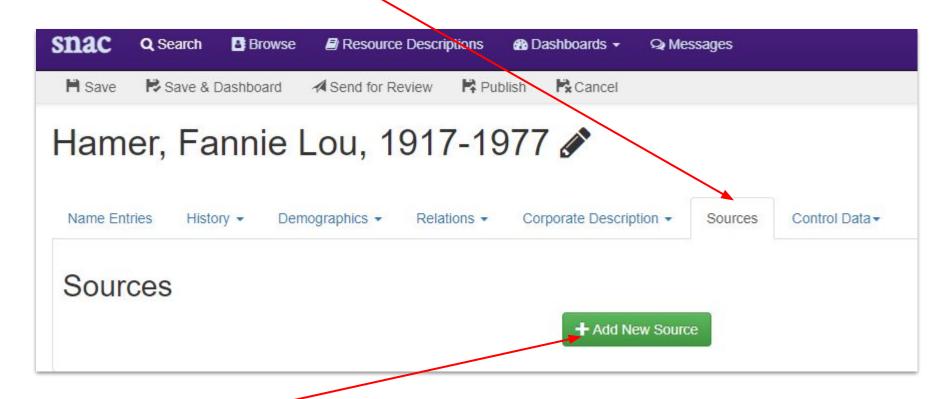
MARC21 Authority 670 Source Data Found



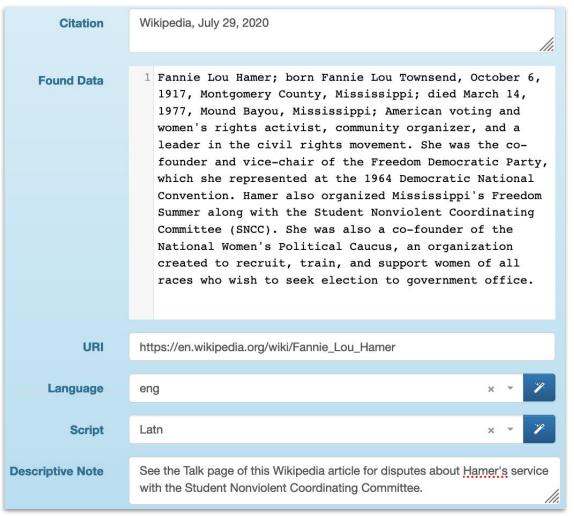
All SNAC records contain a list of **sources**. These sources can be accessed and viewed from the public version of the SNAC record by clicking on **Sources** in the menu bar.



Enter source citations on the **Sources** tab



Click +Add New Source to enter each new source citation.



Sub-elements four **Sources**:

**Citation (required):** The full bibliographic citation for a source ... author (when warranted), title, and date

**Found Data (required):** Detailed information describing the entity found in a source.

**URI:** Permalink to the source online.

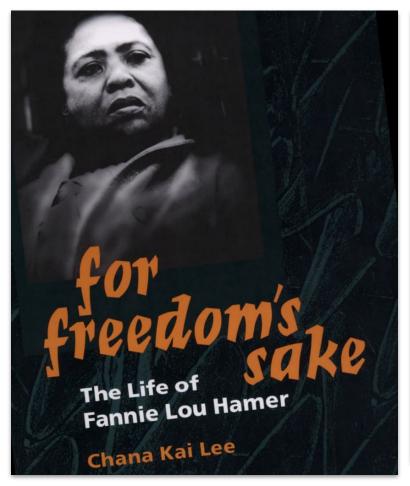
**N.B.:** This is only optional if you're using a print source.

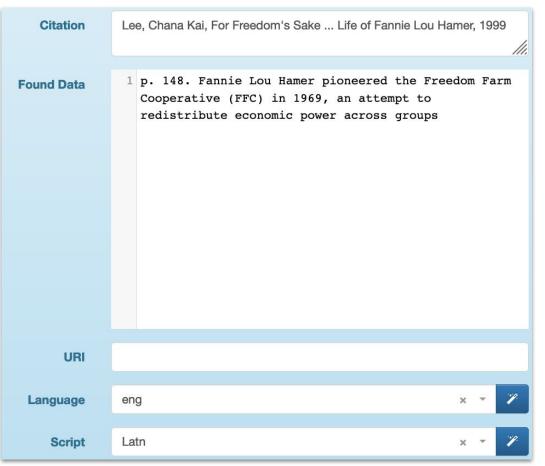
Language code (required): Language used to describe the source ... eng, ger, fre, spa, rus, etc.

**Script code (required):** Script of the source ... Latn, Cyrl, Jpn, etc.

**Descriptive Note (optional):** Information supplied by the editor to describe a special situation related to the cited source.

#### **Citing print sources**





#### **SNAC Source Citation Crosswalk to MARC21 Authority Format**

In <u>June 2019, SNAC adopted new policy and guidance</u> for recording bibliographic sources to support information asserted throughout a SNAC record. The format for source citations closely models after the MARC21 Authority Format **670 Source Data Found** element.

**Citation** = **670** \$a Source citation. Elements for the title and date(s). For online electronic sources, the date would be the day/month/year the source was viewed.

**Found Data** = **670 \$b Information found**. Information about the described entity found in a source.

**URI** = **670** \$u Uniform Resource Identifier. A link to the source online.

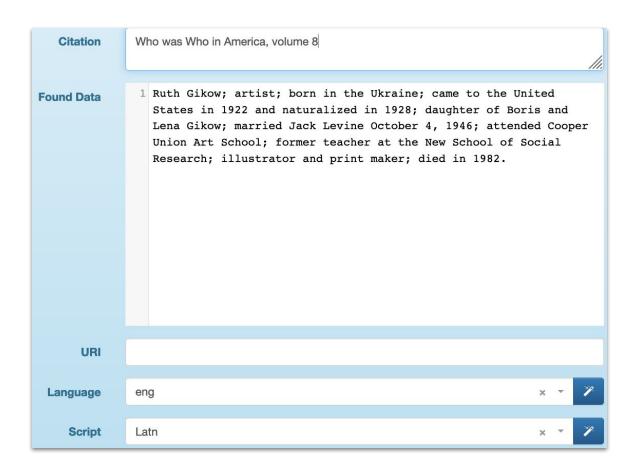
Different from MARC21 Authority Format, SNAC encourages editors to use full-form, natural language, avoiding abbreviations in source citation elements.

#### **MARC21** Authority Format Crosswalk to SNAC Source Citation Elements



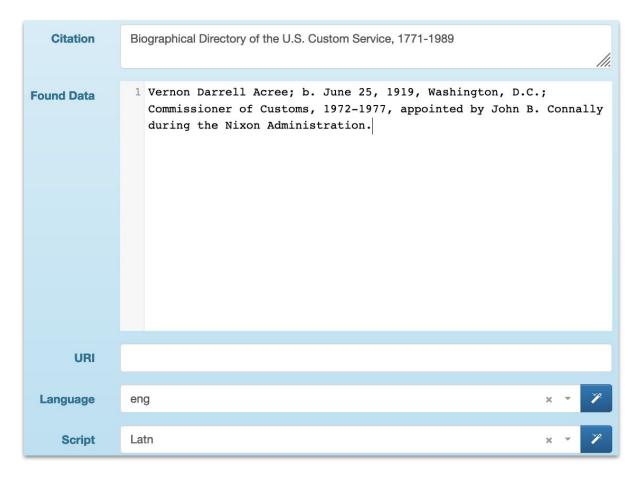
## **Citing Print Resources**

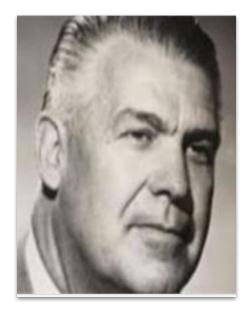
#### Who's Who resources ...





#### Biographical directories, biographical dictionaries and encyclopedias





#### Biographical directories, biographical dictionaries and encyclopedias

#### **BIOGRAPHY INDEX**

A Cumulative Index to Biographical Material in Books and Magazines

SEPTEMBER 1952 - AUGUST 1955

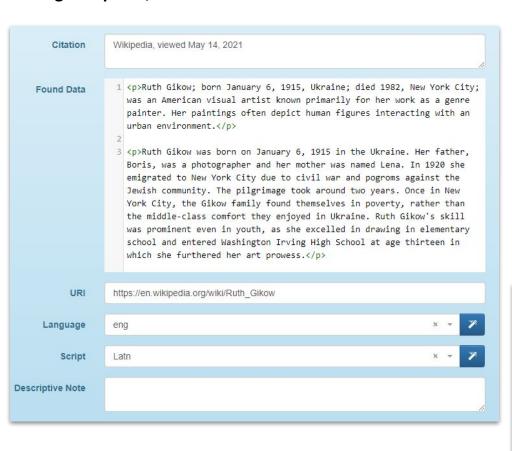
MOTT, Lucretia (Coffin) 1793-1880, feminist Burnett, Constance (Buel). Five for freedom. Abelard '53 p 13-48
Jacob, Caroline Nicholson. Builders of the Quaker road, 1652-1952. Regnery '53 p 156-64
Mott, Lucretia (Coffin). Slavery and the woman question; diary of her visit to Great Britain to attend the World's anti-slavery convention of 1840; ed. by Frederick B. Tolles. (Journal. Sup. no23) Friends' historical assn. '52 86p il

Citation	Biography index, volume 3, September 1952-August 1955
	Mi.
Found Data	1 Lucretia Coffin Mott; born 1793; died 1880; feminist
URI	
URI	
Language	eng x + 🗷
Script	Latn x 🔻 🥕
Descriptive Note	This particular Biography Index entry describes Mott as a feminist.



## **Citing Electronic Resources**

#### Citing Wikipedia, Wikidata ...



#### **Ruth Gikow**



Ruth Gikow with Susanna and Jack Levine. c.1950

#### **Ruth Gikow**

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Ruth Gikow (January 6, 1915 Ukraine - 1982 New York City) was an American, Jewish visual artist and genre painter who was prim her work as a painter.[1] Her paintings often depict human figures interacting with an urban environment.

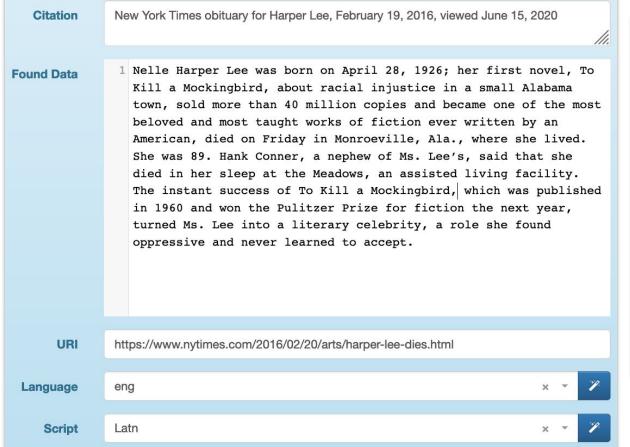
#### Contents [hide] 1 Early life 2 Career 3 Artistic Style 4 Public collections 5 Sources

6 References 7 External links

#### Early life [edit]

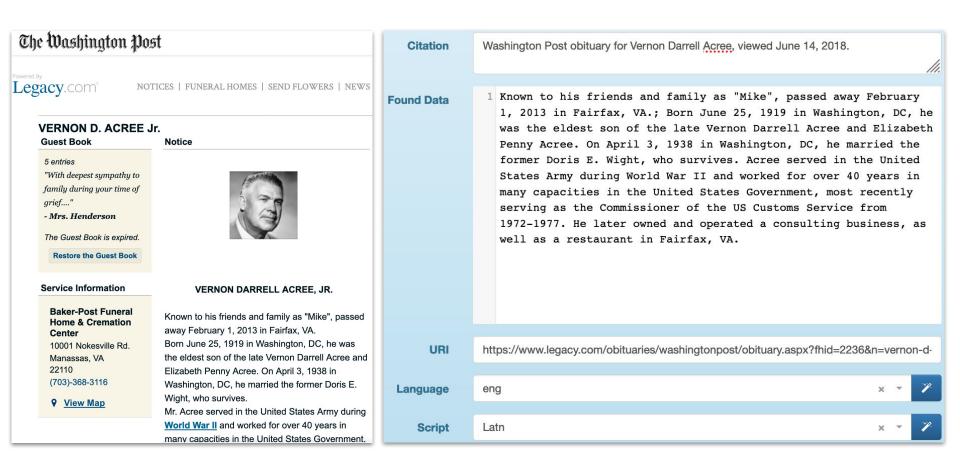
Ruth Gikow was born on January 6, 1915 in the Ukraine. [1] Her father, Boris, was a photographer and her mother was named Lena.

#### Online obituaries ...

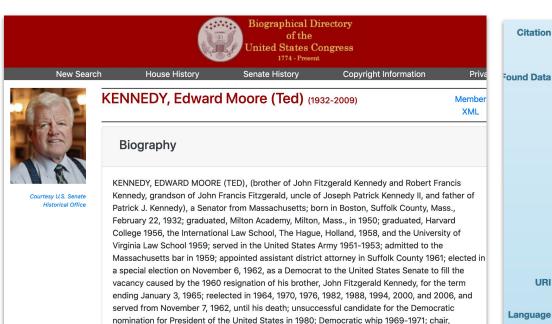




#### Online obituaries ...

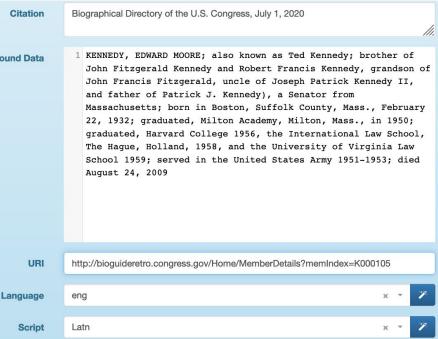


#### Online biographical dictionary/directory ...

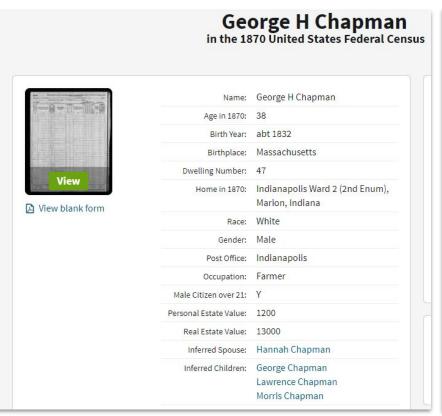


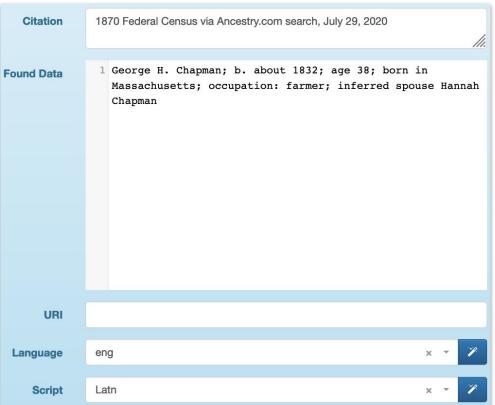
Committee on the Judiciary (Ninety-sixth Congress), Committee on Labor and Human Resources (One Hundredth through One Hundred Third Congresses), Committee on Health, Education,

Labor, and Pensions (One Hundred Seventh Congress [January 3-20, 2001; June 6, 2001-January

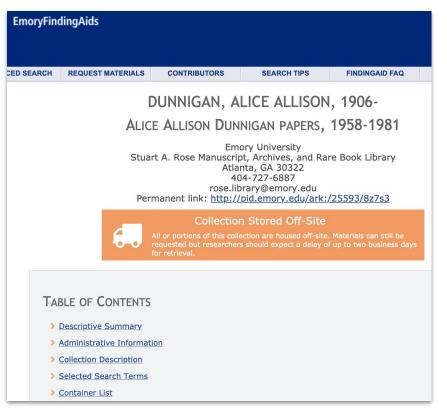


#### Online Source Behind a paywall service ... Ancestry.com





#### Citing archival finding aids as Sources ...





Language

Script

eng

Latn

Citation Alice Allison Dunnigan papers, 1958-1981, finding aid, viewed July 29, 2020 1 Alice Allison Dunnigan, African American journalist and author, **Found Data** was born in Russellville, Kentucky in 1906 and died in Washington, D.C. in 1983. After teaching school and working as a writer for several Kentucky newspapers, Dunnigan moved to Washington, D.C., where, from 1947 to 1961, she served as chief of the Washington bureau of the Associated Negro Press. Dunnigan was named education consultant to the President's Committee on Equal Employment Opportunity in 1961 and was an associate editor with the President's Council on Youth Opportunity from 1967 to 1970. URI https://findingaids.library.emory.edu/documents/dunnigan929/

## Cite Functionality in SNAC

SNAC's **Cite** functionality allows editors to cite specific assertions at the element level ...

In this example, the editor cites the elements of Kennedy's name heading by pulling in the source citation from the Biography.com entered on the **Sources** tab.

You will need to save the record after entering the source before you can cite that source.

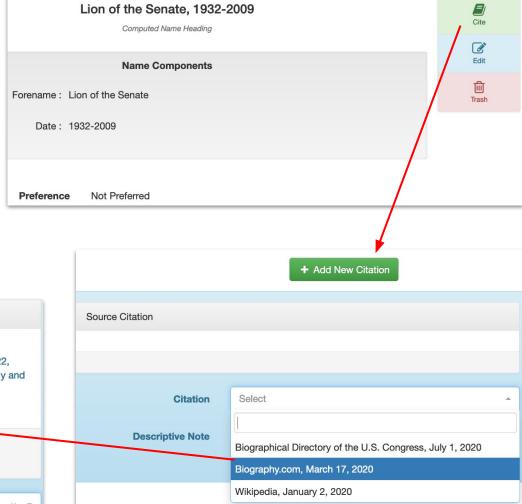
Cite elements are optional.

https://www.biography.com/political-figure/ted-kennedy

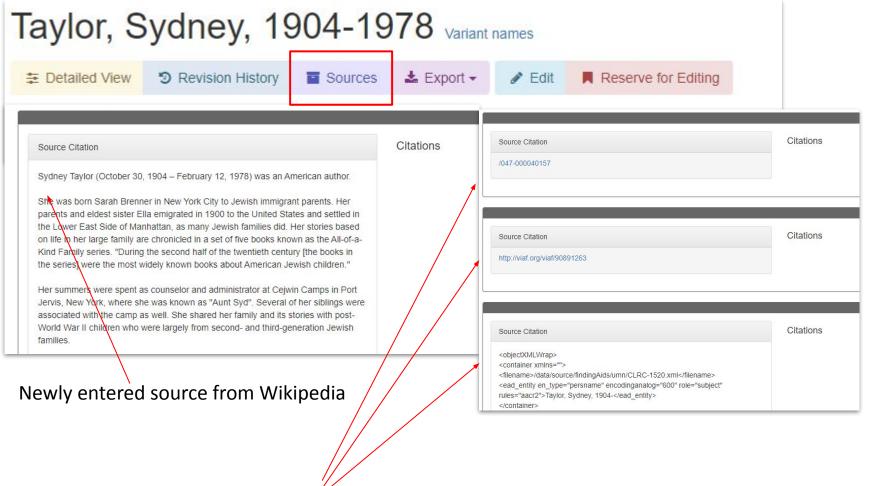
Citation

# Known as the "Lion of the Senate," Democrat Ted Kennedy was a staunch liberal who was elected to Congress nine times, spearheading many legislative reforms. Born on February 22, 1932, in Boston, Massachusetts, Ted Kennedy was the youngest brother of John F. Kennedy and Robert Kennedy. He was elected to the Senate when he was 30, and continued to work in Congress throughout his life. Biography.com, March 17, 2020

Biography.com, March 17, 2020



## **Trashing Older Sources in SNAC**



Older sources from ingest to delete

#### Sources Trash this source and others like it + Add New Source Citation **Found Data** URI http://www.worldcat.org/oclc/432980569 Trash Language Script Descriptive Note Citation Wikipedia article, viewed on January 28, 2021 **Found Data** Sydney Taylor (October 30, 1904 - February 12, 1978) was an American author. She was born 1 Sarah Brenner in New York City to Jewish immigrant parents. Her parents and eldest sister Ella emigrated in 1900 to the United States and settled in the Lower East Side of Manhattan, as many Jewish families did. Her stories based on life in her large family are chronicled in a set of 圃 five books known as the All-of-a-Kind Family series. "During the second half of the twentieth Trash century [the books in the series] were the most widely known books about American Jewish children." Her summers were spent as counselor and administrator at Cejwin Camps in Port